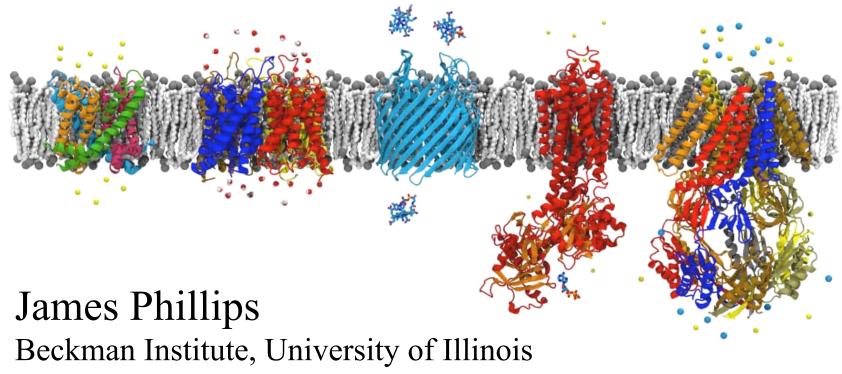
Petascale Molecular Dynamics with NAMD



http://www.ks.uiuc.edu/Research/namd/

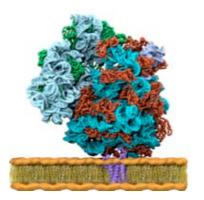
CScADS workshop on Leadership Computing Platforms, Extreme-scale Applications, and Performance Strategies July 23-26, 2012



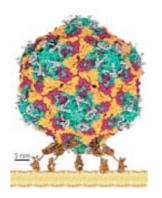


NIH BTRC for Macromolecular Modeling and Bioinformatics











Collaborative Driving Projects

R. Beckmann (U. Munich)
J. Frank (Columbia U.)

1. Ribosome
T. Ha(UIUC)
K. Fredrick (Ohio state U.)
R. Gonzalez (Columbia U.)

2. Blood Coagulation S. Sligar (UIUC)
Factors C. Rienstra (UIUC)
G. Gilbert (Harvard)

W. Baumeister (MPI Biochem.)
3. Whole Cell
J. Xiao (Johns Hopkins U.)
C.N. Hunter (U. Sheffield)
N. Price (U. Washington)

R. Bashir (UIUC)
J. Gundlach (U. Washington)
4. Biosensors
G. Timp (U. Notre Dame)
M. Wanunu (Northeastern U.)
L. Liu (UIUC)

5. Viral Infection
Process

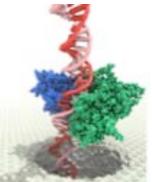
J. Hogle (Harvard U.)
P. Ortoleva (Indiana U.)
A. Gronenborn (U. Pittsburgh)

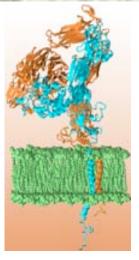
6. Integrin

T. Ha (UIUC)
T. Springer (Harvard U.)

7. Membrane H. Mchaourab (Vanderbilt U.)
R. Nakamoto (U. Virginia)
D.-N. Wang (New York U.)
H. Weinstein (Cornell U.)





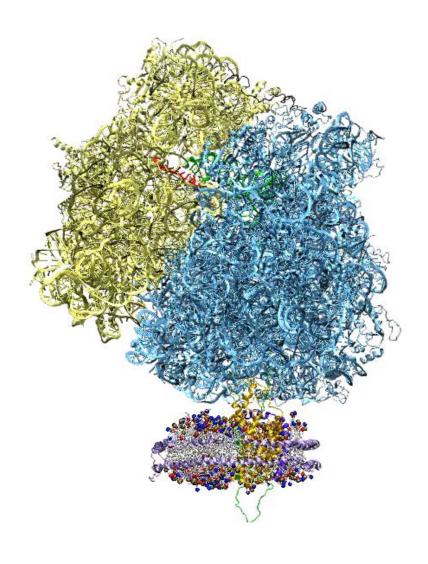


Ribosome Driving Project

Target of over 50% of antibiotics

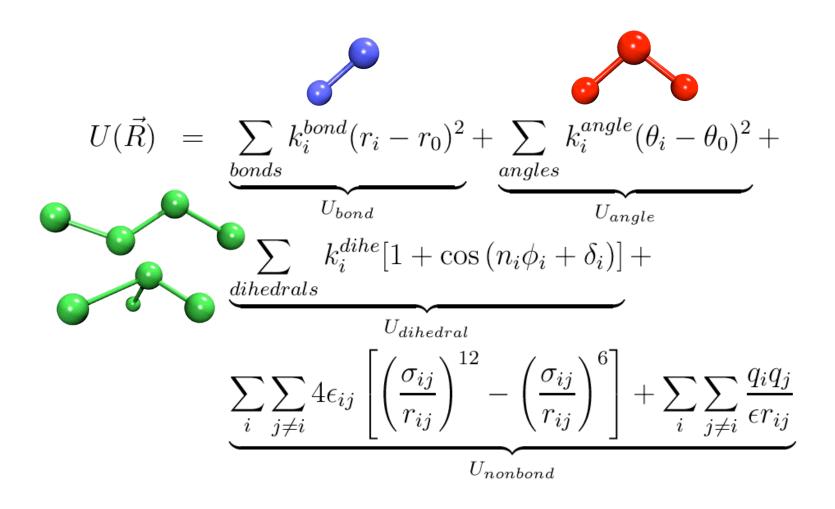
Many related diseases. e.g. Alzheimer's disease due to dysfunctional ribosome (J. Neuroscience 2005, 25:9171-9175)

Localization failure of nascent chain lead to neurodegenerative disease (Mol. Bio. of the Cell 2005, 16:279-291)





Molecular Mechanics Force Field





Classical Molecular Dynamics

Energy function: $U(\vec{r}_1, \vec{r}_2, \cdots \vec{r}_N) = U(\vec{R})$

used to determine the force on each atom:

$$m_i \frac{d^2 \vec{r}_i}{dt^2} = \vec{F}_i = -\vec{\nabla} U(\vec{R})$$

Newton's equation represents a set of N second order differential equations which are solved numerically via the Verlet integrator at discrete time steps to determine the trajectory of each atom.

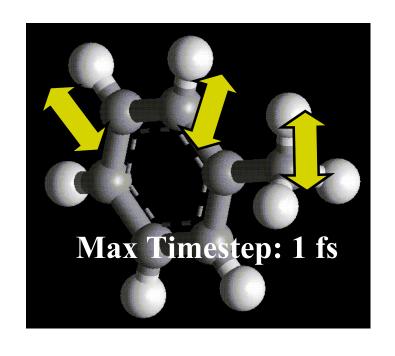
$$\vec{r}_i(t + \Delta t) = 2\vec{r}_i(t) - \vec{r}_i(t - \Delta t) + \frac{\Delta t^2}{m_i} \vec{F}_i(t)$$

Small terms added to control temperature and pressure.



Biomolecular Time Scales

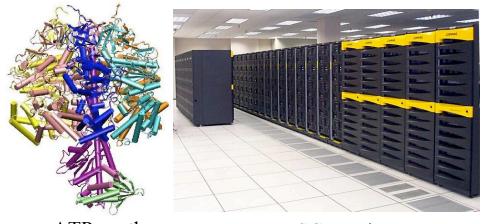
Motion	Time Scale (sec)
Bond stretching	10 ⁻¹⁴ to 10 ⁻¹³
Elastic vibrations	10 ⁻¹² to 10 ⁻¹¹
Rotations of surface sidechains	10 ⁻¹¹ to 10 ⁻¹⁰
Hinge bending	10 ⁻¹¹ to 10 ⁻⁷
Rotation of buried side chains	10 ⁻⁴ to 1 sec
Allosteric transistions	10 ⁻⁵ to 1 sec
Local denaturations	10 ⁻⁵ to 10 sec





NAMD: Scalable Molecular Dynamics

2002 Gordon Bell Award



ATP synthase PSC Lemieux

51,000 Users, 2900 Citations



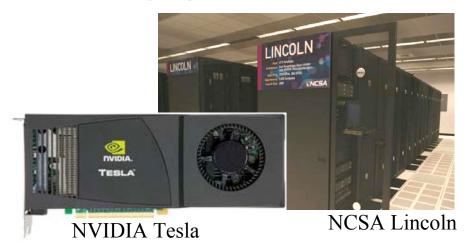
Computational Biophysics Summer School

Blue Waters Target Application



Illinois Petascale Computing Facility

GPU Acceleration





Parallel Programming Lab University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign





Siebel Center for Computer Science

http://charm.cs.illinois.edu/



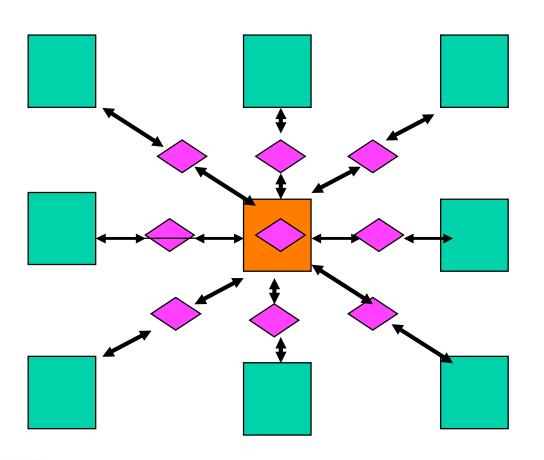
Charm++ Used by NAMD

- Parallel C++ with data driven objects
- Asynchronous method invocation
- Prioritized scheduling of messages/execution
- Measurement-based load balancing
- Portable messaging layer
- Portable multithreading model
- Projections performance analysis tool



NAMD Hybrid Decomposition

Kale et al., J. Comp. Phys. 151:283-312, 1999.

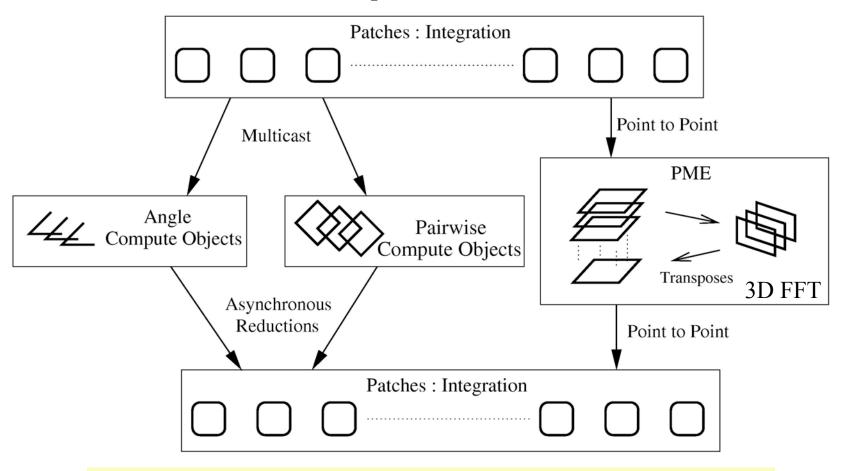


- Spatially decompose data and communication.
- Separate but related work decomposition.
- "Compute objects" facilitate iterative, measurement-based load balancing system.



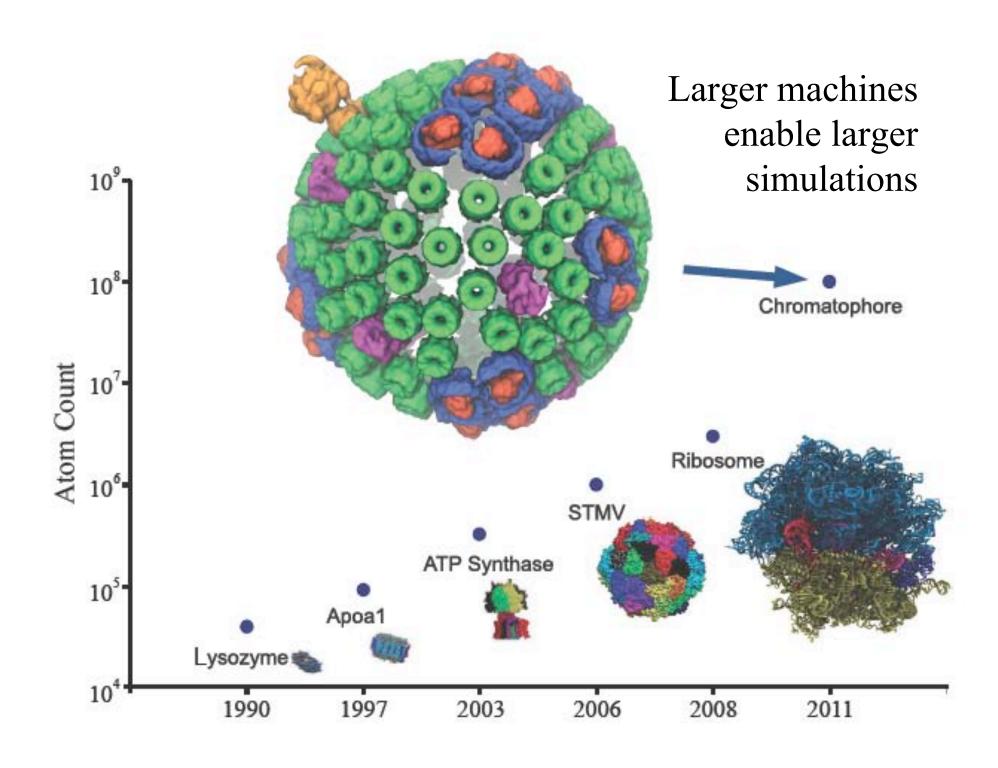
NAMD Overlapping Execution

Phillips et al., SC2002.

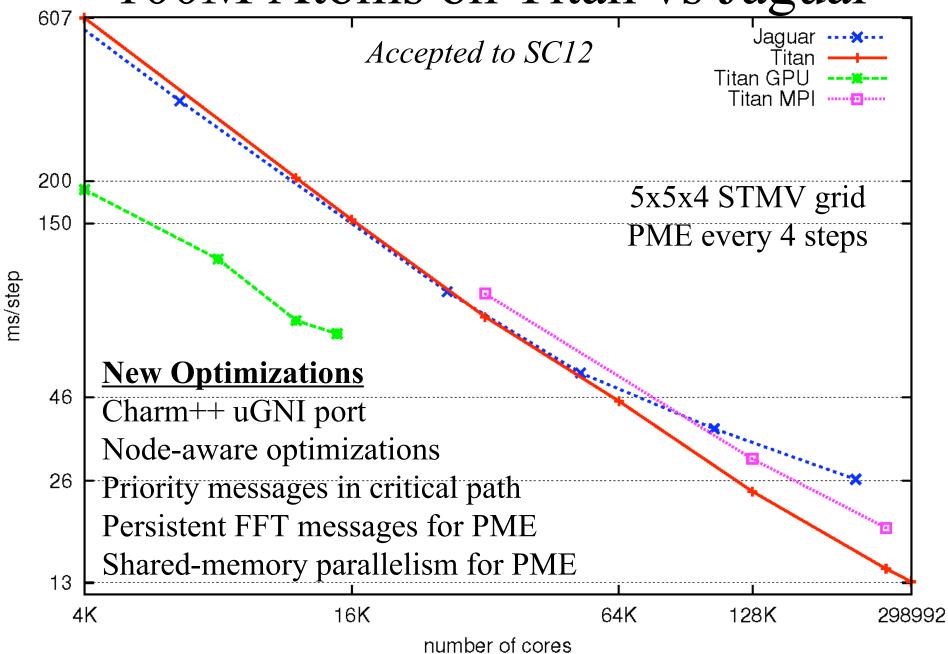


Objects are assigned to processors and queued as data arrives.





100M Atoms on Titan vs Jaguar

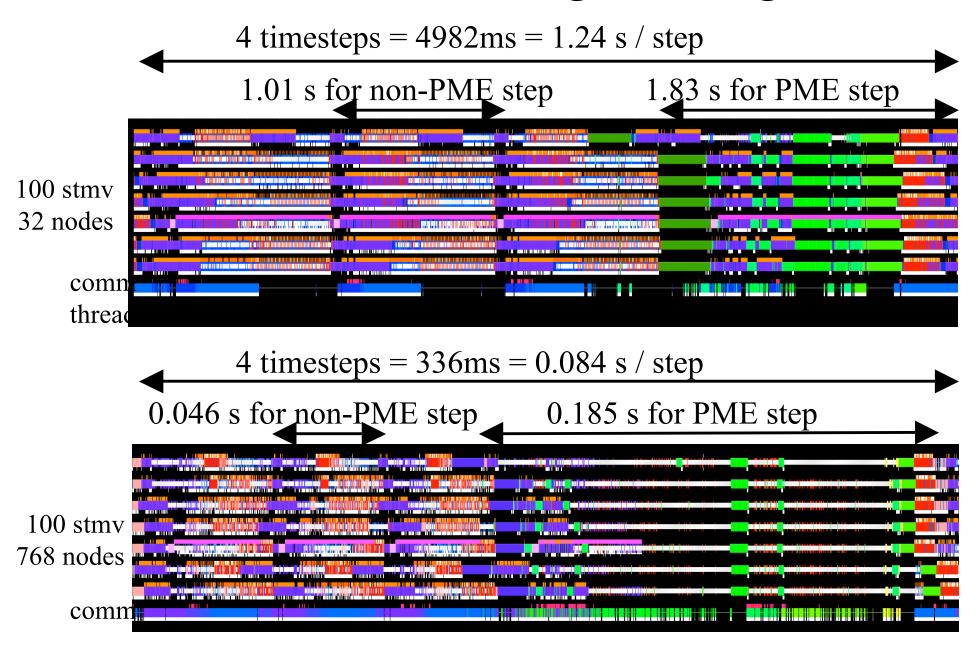


Challenges

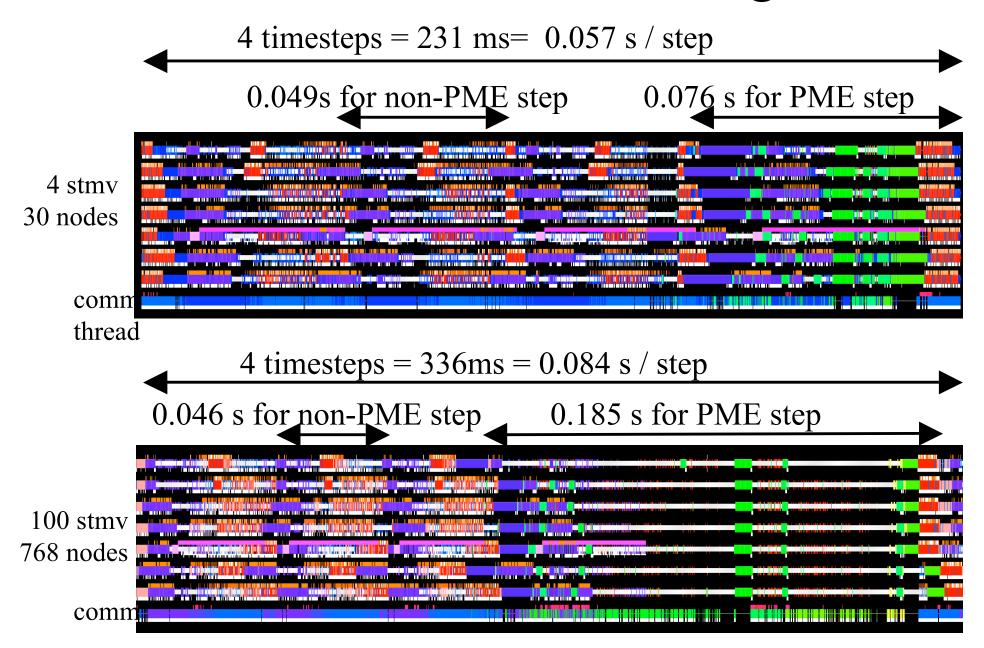
- Variety of accelerator programming models
 - CUDA, OpenCL, OpenACC, Intel ???
- Vector instructions for atom-based math
 - Also variety of vector widths
- Tight coupling of threads on a single core
 - Intel MIC and Hyperthreads, IBM BG/Q
- Network latency and bisection bandwidth



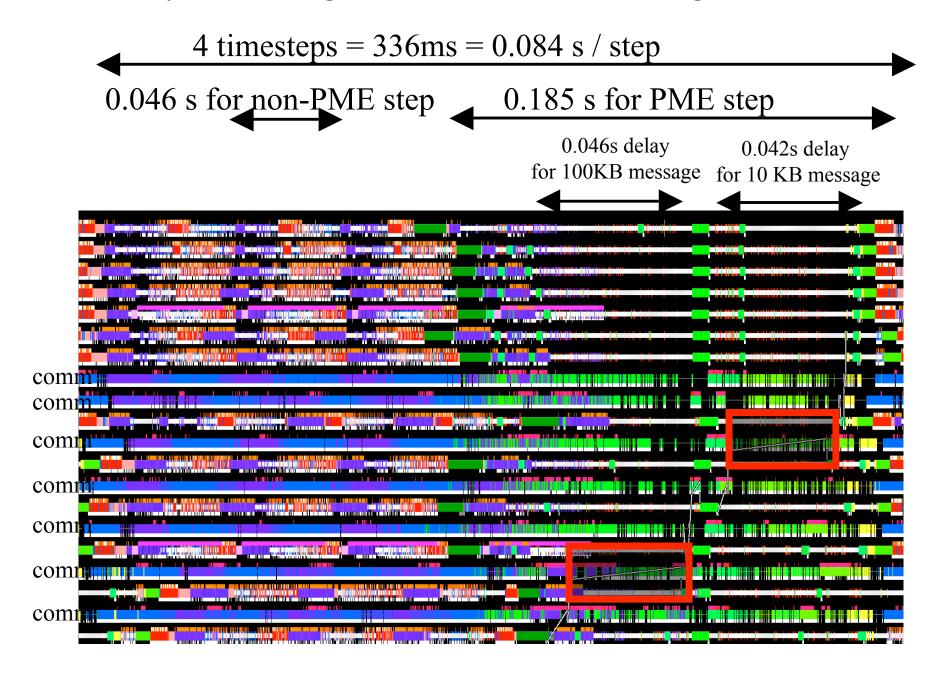
TitanDev Strong Scaling



TitanDev Weak Scaling



PME delays – tracing data needed for one ungrid calculation



NAMD I/O

- Modest data written incrementally during run
 - 4.8 GB restart, 1.2GB frame for 100M atoms
- Traditionally single I/O node, POSIX
- Distributed (<100) due to memory limits
- Challenge is Lustre performance for:
 - Multiple writers to single file
 - Simultaneous open by multiple nodes
- Dedicated I/O threads possible solution?



VMD – "Visual Molecular Dynamics"

- Visualization and analysis of molecular dynamics simulations, sequence data, volumetric data, quantum chemistry simulations, particle systems, ...
- User extensible with scripting and plugins
- http://www.ks.uiuc.edu/Research/vmd/

