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MPIT: A New Interface for Performance Tools in MPI 3 (A Proposal from the MPI-3 Tools WG)





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- Standardized interfaces for tools are essential
 - Otherwise: hard to create portable tools
 - Many ad-hoc solutions
- Positive example: PMPI
 - Standardized interposition mechanism for MPI
 - Required by the standard / Available everywhere
 - Used by a large number of tools
- BUT: PMPI only covers part of what tools need
 - Only intended as a first party interface
 - Application level abstraction
 - No insight into the MPI library
- Chance to change this in MPI-3

Charter of the Tools Working Group

- Define interfaces for development tools
 - Performance analysis, debuggers, correctness tools
 - Insight into MPI library
 - Understand interactions between MPI and application
 - Determine application execution environment
- Motivation:
 - Provide the basis for reliable and portable tools
 - Provide new functionality not covered by PMPI
- All efforts are intended as an extension to PMPI

https://svn.mpi-forum.org/trac/mpi-forum-web/wiki/MPI3Tools



- MPI Performance Information Interface (MPIT)
- Documentation of the current MPIR interface
 - Automatic Process Acquisition Interface
- Additional 3rd party interfaces
 - New, scalable version of an APAI for MPI-2/3
 - Debugger DLL naming
 - Handle query interfaces
- Potential future items
 - Extensions of the MPI_Pcontrol mechanism
 - Piggybacking (together with the FT WG)
 - Low level tracing option in MPIT



MPIT: A Performance Information Interface for MPI

- Enable tools access to internal MPI information
 - Information about MPI configuration
 - Internal performance information
 - Queue management
 - Memory consumption
- Usage models
 - Portable configuration tools
 - PMPI tools with access to internal data
 - Self monitoring applications & Autotuning
 - Portable communication tool <-> application
 - PAPI-C component



- An MPI implementation decides what to expose
 - No restrictions on the implementation
 - Flexibility to expose implementation specific details
 - Option to provide production and debug versions
 - Requirement: API to provide additional information in a portable way to convey some semantics
- Variables
 - Data is conveyed through a set of variables
 - Configuration and performance variables
 - Separate type system to avoid initialization problems
- C bindings only / No Fortran bindings



Configuration variables

- Settings for runtime behavior (typical: env. vars.)
- Options to read / to set?
- 2

Performance variables

- Internal performance information of the MPI library
- Virtualized start/stop counters



- Initialization, finalization, and type system
 - Separate MPIT from MPI
 - Separate sessions for performance variables



Initially planed, but put aside: low-level tracing interface

Log internal events to ring buffer







- User controlled configuration mechanisms
 - Often in the form of environment variables
 - Tailor behavior to a machine or algorithm
 - Typically barely documented, hard to understand
- First section of MPIT allows access to those variables
 - Query all existing variables
 - Query default and current settings
 - Ideally: application specific control
- Sample use cases
 - Tool to list all configuration options
 - Document execution parameters
 - Configuration and optimization all the way to autotuning



Detecting Configuration Variables

- Two step process
 - Find all available variables
 - Query detailed information about a variable
- Step 1: Iterator approach to discover all variables
 - Initialize iterator with a constant
 - Pass the same iterator to repeating calls until done
 - Each invocation returns one variable name
 - Gather or search for variable names
- Step 2: Query additional information
 - Detailed description
 - Type and size information



MPIT_CONFIG_FIND

- IN/OUT: iterator
- OUT: name/namelen (string)
- IN: maxverbosity

MPIT_CONFIG_QUERY

- IN: name
- OUT: datatype/count
- OUT: description/length (string)
- OUT: default value
- OUT: verbosity

MPIT_CONFIG_VARS_CHANGED

• OUT: flag





- MPIs could return large number of variables
 - Restrict the number of returned variables
 - Categorize all variables based on use case
- Verbosity levels in increasing order
 - MPIT_VERBOSITY_USER_BASIC
 - MPIT_VERBOSITY_USER_DETAILED
 - MPIT_VERBOSITY_TUNER_BASIC
 - MPIT_VERBOSITY_TUNER_DETAILED
 - MPIT_VERBOSITY_MPI_DEVELOPER
- Query call only return variables that at the requested verbosity level or lower





- Many MPIT calls rely on return strings
 - Widely different lengths (name vs. descriptions)
- Currently not handled well in MPI
 - Predefined maximal length for a string as a constant
 - MPI returns actual length copied into buffer
 - Not efficient for widely varying string sizes
 - Danger of buffer overflows
- Proposal to use a different approach
 - IN/OUT parameter for length to indicate size of buffer
 - If zero is passed in, MPI returns actual size of string
 - Automatic truncation if buffer is too small



Reading and Writing Configuration Variables

- Once configuration variables are identified
 - Ability to query configuration settings
 - Document default/current settings
 - Adjust configuration
 - Opportunity f or auto tuning
- MPIT_CONIG_GET
 - IN: name (string)
 - OUT: buf (with type/size as provided by query call)

MPIT_CONFIG_SET

- IN: name(string)
- OUT: buf (with type/size as provided by query call)



Issues with Writing Configuration Variables

- Writing configuration variables has complications
 - Access from multiple tools
 - Changes may require global synchronization
 - WG currently favors avoiding writes
 - Strong concrete use cases?
- Options to avoid racing updates
 - Request exclusive write access during MPIT_INIT
 - Locking mechanisms
- Options to deal with globally synchronizing changes
 - Make MPIT_CONFIG_SET a collective call
 - Batching updates before applying them





MPIT_CONFIG_FIND (iter,name,maxverbose) Iterator to find all configuration variables

- MPIT_CONFIG_QUERY (name,desc,type/size,default,verbose) Query description and type of a variable
- MPIT_CONFIG_VARS_CHANGED (flag) Notification that the list has changed
- MPIT_CONFIG_GET (name,buffer)

Read the value of a configuration variable

MPIT_CONFIG_SET (name,buffer)

Write a value to a configuration variable







- Access to MPI internal performance information
 - Queue length, memory footprint, matching time, ...
 - MPI defines a set of variables that are available and updated by the MPI library at runtime
 - MPIT can query (and control) these variables
- Sample use cases:
 - Performance studies (find bottlenecks inside of MPI)
 - Scalability studies (e.g., wrt. Memory)
- Same query process as with configuration variables
 - Step 1: Iterator-based detection of available data
 - Step 2: Ability to query information for each variable





MPIT_PERFORMANCE_FIND

- IN/OUT: iterator
- OUT: name/namelen (string)
- IN: maxverbosity

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_QUERY

- IN: name
- OUT: class of the performance variable / type of information
- OUT: datatype/count
- OUT: description/length (string)
- OUT: readonly (can not be reset)
- OUT: continuous (can not be started/stopped
- OUT: verbosity

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_VARS_CHANGED

• OUT: flag



Classes of Performance Variables

- MPIT_VARCLASS_STATE
 - Snapshot of a discrete state (e.g., work/message/wait)
- MPIT_VARCLASS_UTILIZATION
 - Utilization of a finite resource (e.g., buffer) (range 0.0-1.0)
- MPIT_VARCLASS_RESOURCE
- MPIT_VARCLASS_HIGHWATERMARK
- MPIT_VARCLASS_LOWWATERMARK
 - Absolute utilization of a resource in MPI (current/high/low)
- MPIT_VARCLASS_COUNTER
 - Monotonically increasing counter of a specific set of events (+1)
- MPIT_VARCLASS_AGGREGATE
 - Aggregate value over time of a specific event parameter (+N)
- MPIT_VARCLASS_TIMER
 - Aggregated time of a set of events



Handle API for Performance Variables

- Performance variables require active handles
 - Allocation and deallocation routines
 - Easier for optimizations
 - Access routines require handles

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_HANDLE_GET

- IN: name (string)
- OUT: handle
- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_HANDLE_FREE
 - IN: handle



- All counter access require a valid handle to the counter
- Start/Stop API
 - MPIT_PERFORMANCE_START
 - MPIT_PERFORMANCE_STOP
 - IN: handle (MPIT_ALL_COUNTERS would also be OK)
- Read/Write/Reset API
 - MPIT_PERFORMANCE_READ
 - MPIT_PERFORMANCE_RESET
 - MPIT_PERFORMANCE_READRESET
 - MPIT_PERFORMANCE _WRITE
 - IN: handle of counter
 - IN: application buffer of correct type (for read & readreset)

Performance Variables API Overview

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_FIND (iter,name,maxverbose) Iterator to find all performance variables

- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_QUERY (name,...) Query description and type of a variable
- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_VARS_CHANGED (flag) Notification that the list has changed
- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_HANDLE _GET(name,handle) Request a handle for a variable
- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_HANLDE_FREE (handle) Release a handle







MPIT_PERFORMANCE_START(handle) Start recording data of one/all variables

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_STOP(handle) Stop recording data of one/all variables

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_READ(handle,buffer) MPIT_PERFORMANCE_READRESET(handle,buffer) MPIT_PERFORMANCE_RESET(handle)

Read and/or reset the value of a variables

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_WRITE(handle,buffer) Set the value of a performance variable



Hierarchy and Group Information

- Variables should be structured
 - Semantic information describing variables
 - Grouping and hierarchical relationships
 - Needs to be provided by the MPI library
- Structured as hierarchical sets
 - Variables are grouped in sets
 - Sets are grouped in sets
- Routines to query set structure
 - Iterator based
 - Top-down and bottom-up options
 - Additional textual descriptions





MPIT_TAXON_QUERY_SET_VARIABLES (iter,var,set,type) Iterator to find all sets containing a variable

- MPIT_TAXON_QUERY_VARIABLE_SETS (iter,var,set,type) Iterator to find all variables contained in a set
- MPIT_TAXON_QUERY_SET_SETS (iter,set,set) Iterator to find all sets contained in a set

MPIT_TAXON_CHANGED (flag) Taxonomy information has changed

MPIT_TAXON_DESCRIBE_SET(iset,desc) Get additional information for a particular set







- Initialization separate from MPI itself
 - Not bound to MPI_Init / MPI_Finalize
 - New calls: MPIT_Init/MPIT_Finalize (similar semantics)
 - Can be run before Init and after Finalize
- Multiple, nested initialization
 - Allow multiple tools to gather MPIT data
 - Each usage requires separate Init/Finalize pair
 - Usage counter
- Open questions:
 - Is this sufficient for a clean co-existence of tools?
 - Is it necessary to have access to argv/argc?



- How to enable multiple tools to gather performance data?
 - Identify which tool requested which counters
 - Provide consistent counter data
- Explicit sessions for performance counters
- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_SESSION_CREATE
 - OUT: session handle
 - Create session and return session specific handle
- MPIT_PERFORMANCE_SESSION_DESTROY
 - IN: session handle
 - End session and delete all handles
- Session argument for every MPIT_PERFORMANCE_ call



- Type system separated from MPI
 - Not guaranteed to be initialized before MPI_Init
 - Complex datatypes unnecessary
- MPIT offers a set of basic types
 - MPIT_BYTE, MPIT_SHORT, MPIT_LONG, MPIT_INT, MPIT_LONG_LONG, MPIT_CHAR, MPIT_FLOAT, MPIT_DOUBLE
 - Each type has an equivalent MPI base type
- Enumeration types
 - Fixed number of values (similar to enum)
 - MPIT_TYPECLASS_GET

- Returns whether a type is an enumeration type or not





- Each element of an enumeration carries semantics
 - MPI would benefit from being able to get such semantics
 - Query interface for descriptions of each element
- MPIT_ENUMTYPE_QUERY
 - IN: type (must be an enumeration type)
 - OUT: number (number of elements in the set)
 - OUT: name of the enumeration type

MPIT_ENUMITEM_QUERY

- IN: type (must be an enumeration type)
- IN: number (item number to query)
- OUT: description string





MPIT_INIT (instance) Initialize the interface for use

MPIT_FINALIZE (instance) Finish using this instance of MPIT

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_SESSION_CREATE (session) Create a new session for performance variables

MPIT_PERFORMANCE_SESSION_DESTROY (session) Delete a new session for performance variables

MPIT_TYPECLASS_GET (type, class) Determine whether a type is an enumeration type

MPIT_ENUMTYPE (type, number, name) MPIT_ENUMITEM (type, itemno, desc) Query information about an enumeration type



- API has been presented to MPI forum before
 - January meeting
 - Feedback is being integrated
- Draft currently being reworked
 - Multiple initialization/finalizations
 - Adding session management
 - Group and hierarchy information
- Timeline
 - Final discussions in the next weeks
 - Presentation to the MPI Forum at October Meeting
 - First reading + votes after that



- With MPI-3 we have the chance to get more tools interfaces
 - Going beyond the successful PMPI interface
 - For debugging, performance analysis, correctness tools
- MPIT: a new way of getting performance data from MPI
 - Portable access to performance and configuration data
 - Based on a query interface (MPI library independent)
 - Support for interface virtualization
- Feedback on MPIT needed now
 - Extensions discussions in the WG
 - Presentation and buy in from MPI forum
 - Need more feedback from the tools community!